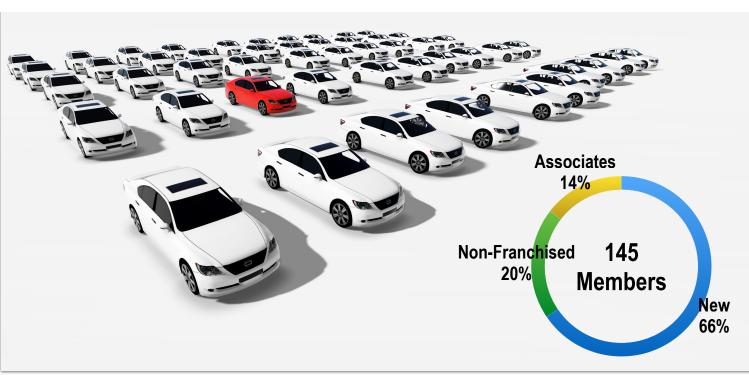




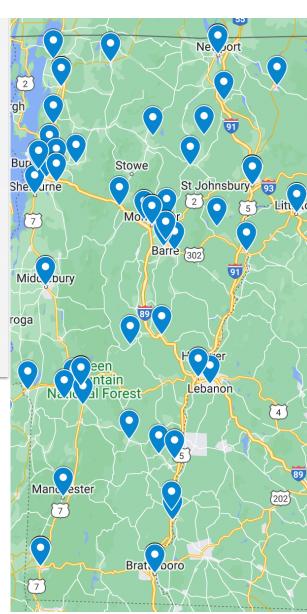


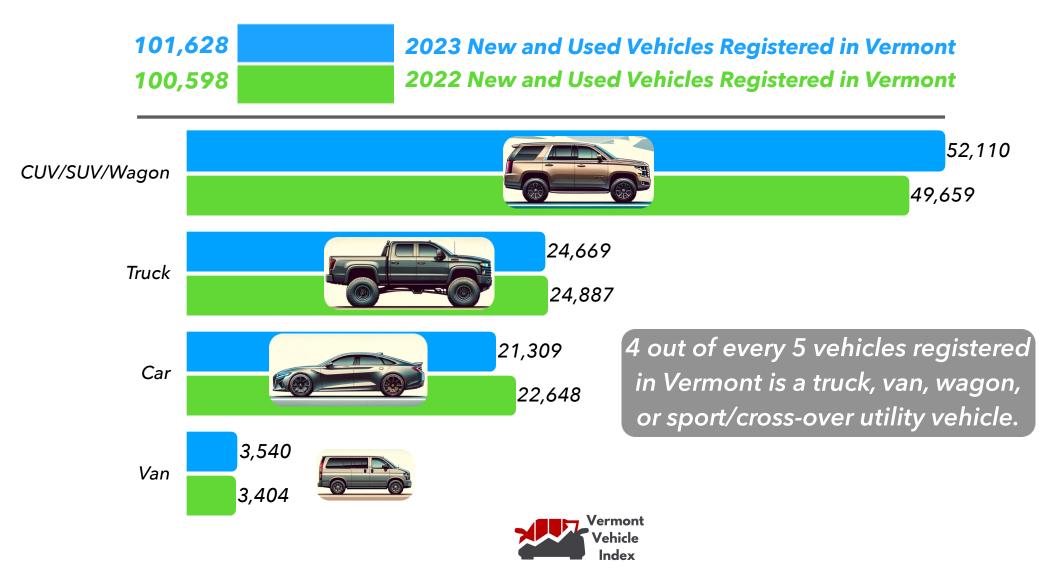
www.vermontada.org

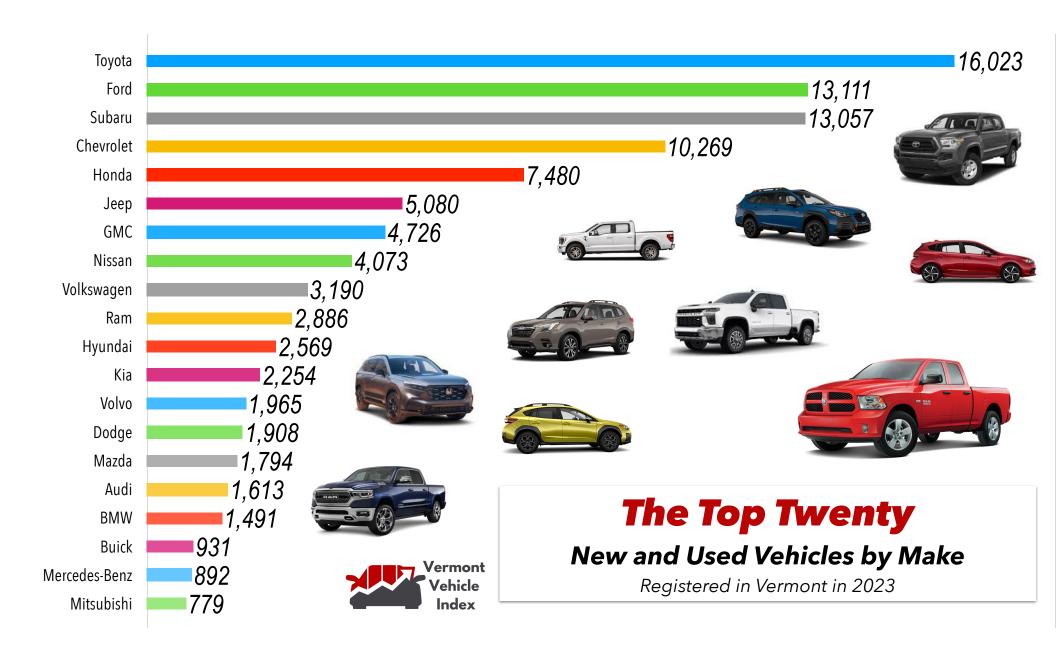




www.vermontada.org

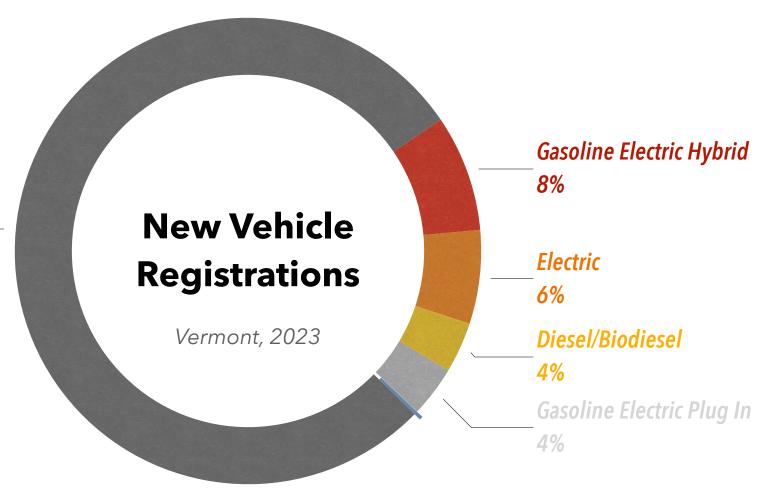








Gasoline/Ethanol Blends 78%





Source: Experian Auto Count

2023 Vermont Economic Impact Report

The Economic Impact of Franchised New Car Dealerships on the Vermont Economy





ELECTRIC VEHICLE MARKET

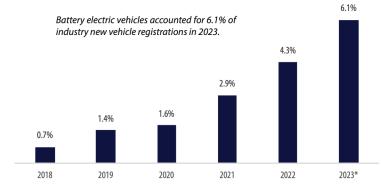
2023 Economic Impact Study

Vermont franchised new vehicle dealerships: Powering the way to an electric future



Battery electric vehicle (BEV) sales in Vermont are growing and franchised dealerships are accounting for a significantly larger share of the market:

BEV Share of Vermont New Retail Light Vehicle Market



Franchised Dealership Share of State BEV Market in 2018:

52.6%

Franchised Dealership Share of State BEV Market in 2023*:

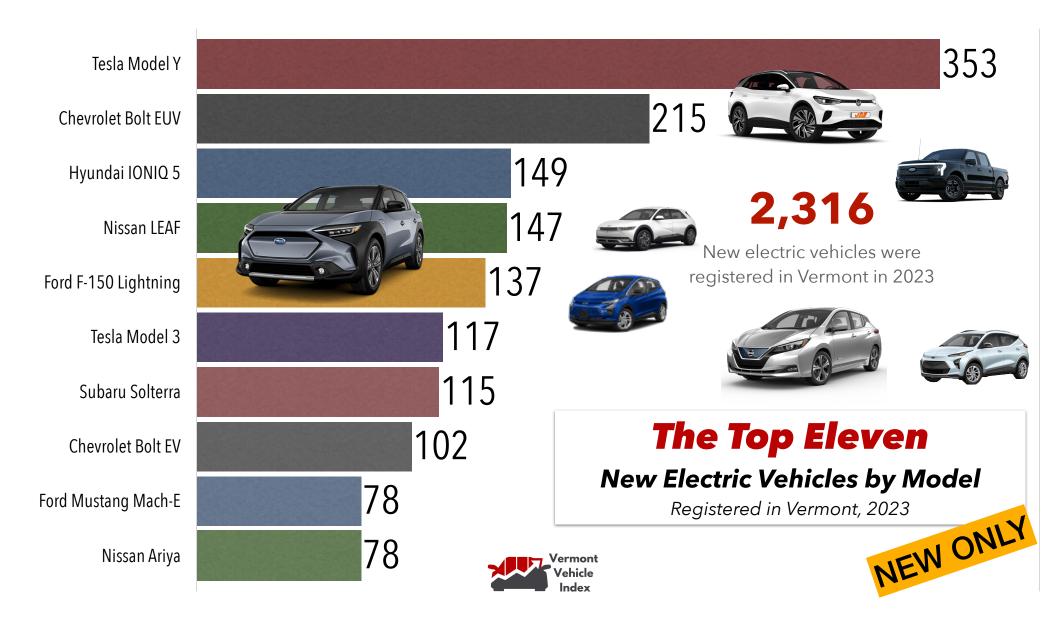
71.7%

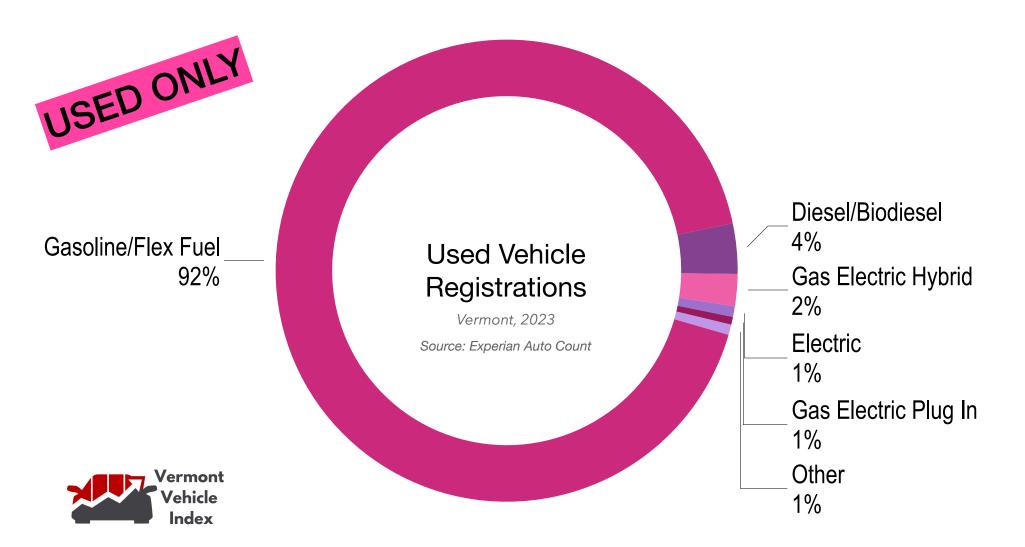
Data sourced from Experian Automotive. *2023 figure estimated based on 11 months of actual data.

Dealerships are making large scale investments to prepare for the sale and service of electric vehicles:

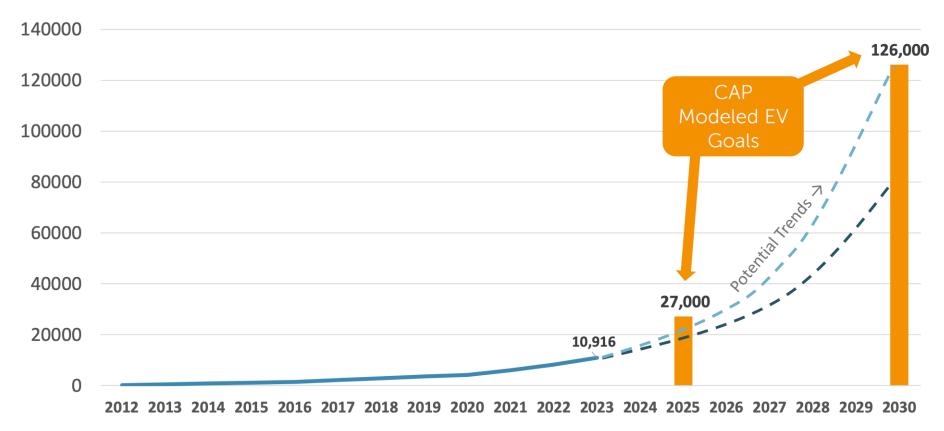
Total estimated dealership expenses in 2023 and 2024 to prepare for the sale and service of electric vehicles:

\$18,509,000





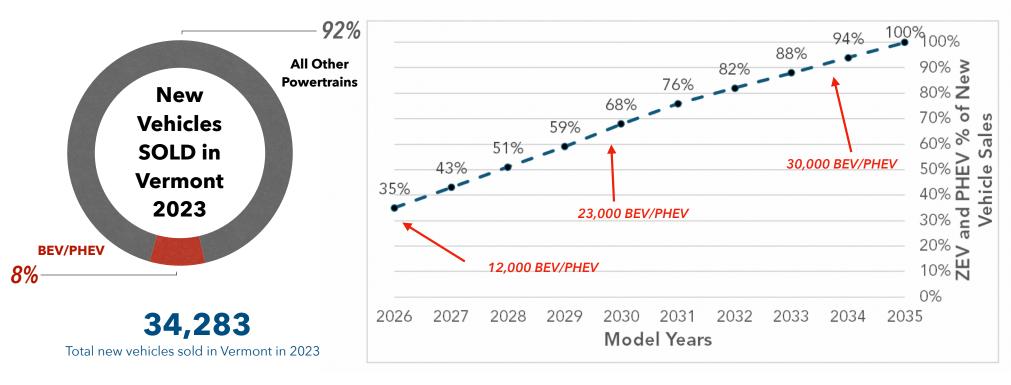
How many vehicles does Vermont need to electrify?



Advance Clean Cars Regulation

2715
2023 BEV/PHEV New Vehicle Registrations (not including gas hybrids)

ACCII is not a requirement that consumers purchase an electric vehicle, or that dealers sell a required volume of electric vehicles. ACCII is a requirement imposed solely on auto manufacturers to deliver a certain annual percentage of ZEVs to Vermont, increasing to 100% ZEVs by 2035. The annual ZEV requirement aligns with where the market is expected to be in 2026 and continues to ramp up quickly. Small volume manufacturers must comply with the annual ZEV requirement beginning with the 2035 model year. Below is a table summarizing the ZEV requirement:



Vermont Advanced Clean Truck Rule (ACT)

The ACT Rule requires manufacturers to sell ZEV trucks as an increasing percentage of their annual sales from model years 2026 to 2035. Manufacturers with annual state sales less than 500 units are exempt from the ZEV sales requirement but can opt-in to earn credits for selling ZEVs. As with ACCII, this is not a requirement that fleet owners or truck operators purchase electric vehicles, but a requirement on the manufacturers of medium- and heavy-duty trucks to transition from diesel trucks and vans to electric zero-emission trucks beginning in model year 2026.

The ACT requires the sale of at least 30% zero-emission trucks by 2030 (depending on vehicle classification). By model year 2035, zero-emission truck sales would need to be 55% of Class 2b - 3 truck sales, 75% of Class 4 - 8 truck sales, and 40% of truck tractor sales. Light-duty trucks (e.g., the F-150 Lightning) are covered under ACCII, discussed above.

Model Year	Class 2b-3	Class 4-8	Class 7-8 Tractors
2026	10%	13%	10%
2027	15%	20%	15%
2028	20%	30%	20%
2029	25%	40%	25%
2030	30%	50%	30%
2031	35%	55%	35%
2032	40%	60%	40%
2033	45%	65%	40%
2034	50%	70%	40%
2035+	55%	75%	40%



GVWR for Commercial Trucks

Light Duty - Class 1-3 6,000 - 14,000 lbs







Medium Duty - Class 4-6 14,001 - 26,000 lbs





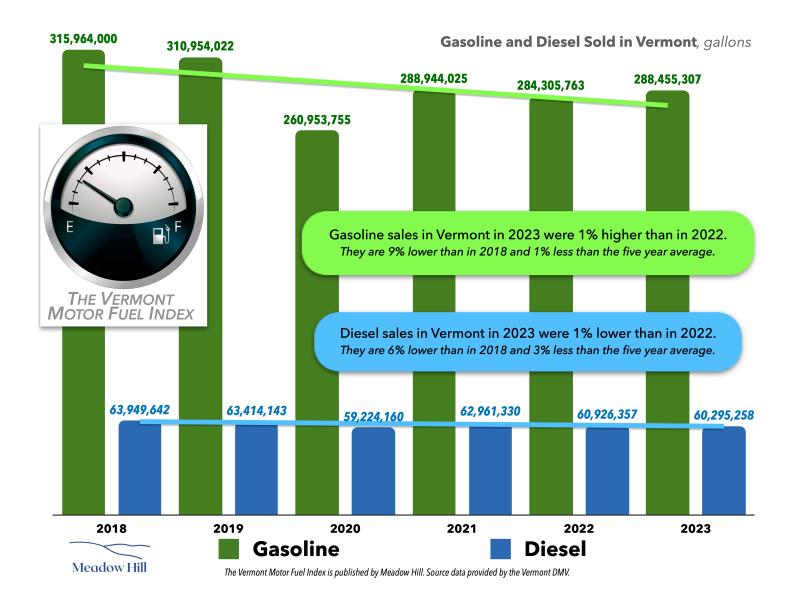


Heavy Duty - Class 7-8 26,001 - 33,000 lbs and over









2023 Vermont Economic Impact Report The Economic Impact of Franchised New Car Dealerships on the Vermont Economy

This report provides an in-depth analysis of the economic impact of Vermont new car and truck dealers on the State's economy. It includes estimates of direct and indirect employment, personal income, and tax collections generated by Vermont automotive dealers. Also included is a review of dealership financial statistics and operations. This report was prepared by Auto Outlook, Inc., an independent automotive market analysis firm, and was sponsored by the Vermont Vehicle and Automotive Distributors Association.



PRIMARY CONCLUSIONS

2023 Economic Impact Study

Vermont Franchised New Vehicle Dealers Vital contributors to the state's economy in 2023:



•	Number of franchised new vehicle dealerships
•	Total jobs in Vermont attributable to franchised new vehicle dealerships
•	Number of jobs per new vehicle dealership
•	Total earnings for Vermont residents attributable to dealership operations
•	Average salary for dealership employees
•	Total state and local taxes collected or paid
•	Total federal taxes collected or paid\$75.4 million
•	Total dealership sales\$3.41 billion
•	Total dealership expenses
•	Total dealership expenditures on capital improvements
•	Total expenditures in 2023 and 2024 to prepare for the sale and service of electric vehicles \$18.5 million
•	Total dealership contributions to charitable causes
•	Total dealership advertising expenses\$29.0 million

In 2023, the average Vermont dealership paid more than \$3.5 million to its employees (including fringe benefits). Including both direct and indirect sources, the new vehicle retailing industry resulted in more than \$484 million of total compensation to Vermont residents!



Total sales by new car dealerships in 2023:

\$3.41 billion

EMPLOYMENT

2023 Economic Impact Study

Estimated employment totals for new vehicle retailing industry - 2023 (Direct: at dealerships; Indirect: elsewhere in economy)



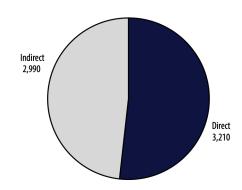
Total employment at new car dealerships:

3,210

In 2023, Vermont new vehicle dealerships directly employed an estimated total of 3,210 individuals.

An additional 2,990 individuals were employed due to the indirect impact of dealership operations.

Automobile dealership operations accounted for 17.5% percent of total retail employment in the state. (This included both direct and indirect employment.)



Dealership Contribution			
to Retail Employment in Vermont - 2023			
Total employment resulting from auto dealerships	6,200		
Total retail employment in Vermont	35,400		
Dealership percent of State retail employment	17.5%		

